# SKJ J1939 CANBus Output Signal

Linear Position to 400 inches (10 m) Compact Design • Simple To Install User Adjustable Measuring Cable Orientation IN STOCK for Quick Delivery!

#### SPECIFICATIONS

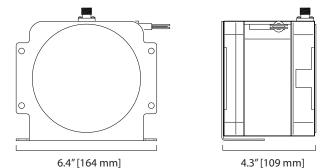
Stroke Range Options	250 inches (6.4 m), 400 inches (10.2 m)
Accuracy	.35% FS.
Repeatability	.05% FS.
Resolution	12-bit
Input Voltage	10-36 VDC
Input Current	100 mA, max.
Measuring Cable	.031-inch dia. bare stainless steel
Maximum Cable Velocity	60 inches per second
Maximum Cable Acceleration	5 g
Measuring Cable Tension	23 oz. (6,4 N) ±40%
Sensor	plastic-hybrid precision potentiometer
Cycle Life	≥ 250,000
Electrical Connection	M12 connector, mating plug included
Enclosure	glass-filled polycarbonate
Environmental	IP67
Operating Temperature	-40° to 185° F (-40° to 85° C)

### **CANbus SPECIFICATIONS**

Communication Profile	CANbus SAE J1939
Protocol	Proprietary B
Node ID	Adjustable via dipswitch (0-63), default set to 0
Baud Rate Options	125K (default), 250K, 500K
Data Rate Options	5ms (default), 20ms, 50ms, 100ms 京家 (default), 20ms, 50ms, 100ms GRSの 技术服务部 worth, CA 91311 - Meas-Spec.com 2750 • fax: +1.818.701.2799



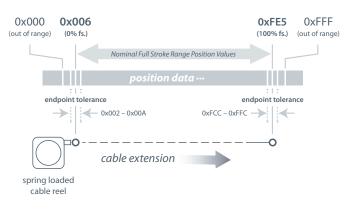




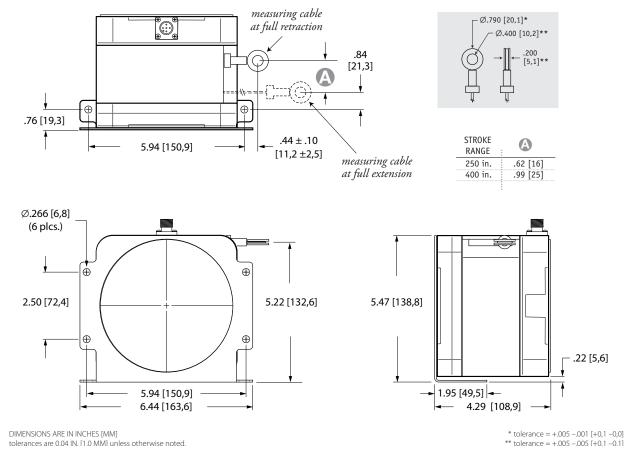
The SKJ is the perfect off-the-shelf linear position sensor for applications ranging from outrigger position on a mobile crane to tracking the height of a hydraulic lift table in a factory and anything else in between. Available in both 250 and 400-inch stroke ranges, this model offers the ultimate ease-of-use, compact design and user flexibility. Need to mount it upside down? Simply rotate it's stainless mounting bracket to where you want it. Need the electrical connector to point in a different direction? Just rotate the rear cover to point the connector to the desired direction.

It's compact design, ease of use and the utmost in flexibility makes this model the perfect economically priced solution for both the single piece user to the higher volume OEM.

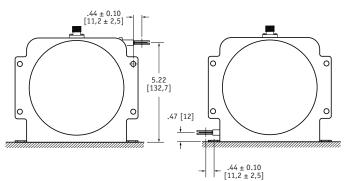
#### Output Signal

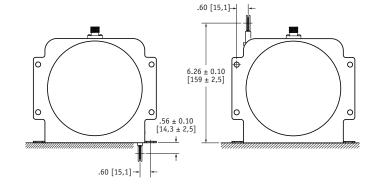


## Outline Drawing:



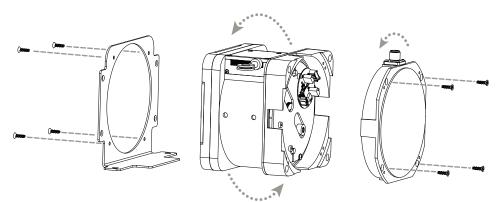
## Mounting Options:





**To change cable exit direction:** simply remove the 4 bracket mounting screws and rotate sensor body to desired direction.

**To change electrical connector orientation:** remove the 4 rear screws and carefully remove the rear cover and rotate cover.



## Ordering Information:

Part Number	full stroke range	accuracy	max. acceleration	measuring cable tension (± 40%)
SKJ-250-4	250 in (6.4 m)	.35%	5 g	23 oz. (6,4 N)
SKJ-400-4	400 in (10.2 m)	.35%	5 g	23 oz. (6,4N)

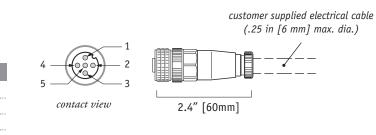
includes mounting bracket & mating connector.

Optional Cordsets	Part Number	length	wire size	connector
	9036810-0030	13 ft (4 m)	22 AWG (.34mm²)	straight 5-pin M12
	9036810-0031	13 ft (4 m)	22 AWG (.34mm²)	90° 5-pin M12

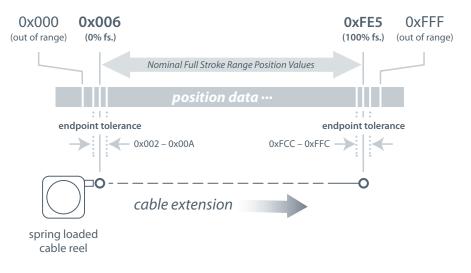
Electrical Connection:

Output Signal	field installable connector	optional cordset
•	pin	pin - color
drain	1	1 - brown
1036 Vdc	2	2 - white
common	3	3 - blue
CAN - High	4	4 - black
CAN - Low	5	5 - green/yellow

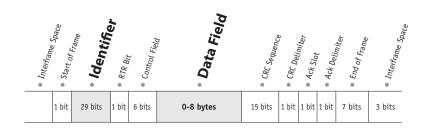
Field Installable Connector:



Position Data Overview:



## I/O Format:



### Identifier:

	Mess	essage Priority <b>Future</b> Use				J1939 Reference Proprietary B							Da	ita Fi	eld Ty	pe*			Not	Used		Ν	lode 1	(D**					
Example –	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Identifier Bit No. –	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Hex Value –			. (	D			I	F			I	F				5			3	3				3			l	-	

\*Sensor field data can be factory set to customer specific value. \*\*Customer defined, set via Dips 1-6. Bit values shown for example only, see Address Setting below.

Velocity Data

B<sub>6</sub>

**B**<sub>7</sub>

## Data Field:

 $B_0 = LSB$  current measurement count byte  $B_1 = MSB$  current measurement count byte

B<sub>2</sub> = not used

 $B_3 = not used$ 

## B<sub>7</sub> B<sub>6</sub> B<sub>5</sub> B<sub>4</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>0</sub>

#### **Current Measurement Count**

The Current Measurement Count (CMC) is the output data that indicates the present position of the measuring cable. The CMC is a 12-bit value that occupies bytes  $B_0$  and  $B_1$  of the data field.  $B_0$  is the LSB (least significant byte) and  $B_1$  is the MSB (most significant byte).

The **CMC** starts at **0x006** with the measuring cable fully retracted and continues upward to the end of the stroke range stopping at **0xFE5**. This holds true for all ranges.

#### **Converting CMC to Linear Measurement**

To convert the current measurment count to inches or millimeters, simply divide the count by 4061 (total counts over the range) and then multiply that value by the full stroke range:

$$\left( \frac{CMC - 6}{4063} \right) \times \frac{\text{full stroke}}{\text{range}}$$

Sample Conversion:

If the full stroke range is **250 inches** and the current position is **0x4FF** (1279 Decimal) then,

 $\left(\frac{1279-6}{4061}\right) \times 250 = 78.8$  inches

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B<sub>6</sub> = LSB velocity data byte
B<sub>7</sub> = MSB velocity data byte

## B<sub>7</sub> B<sub>6</sub> B<sub>5</sub> B<sub>4</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>0</sub>

#### Error Flags



RED and GREEN Indicator LEDS (controller board)

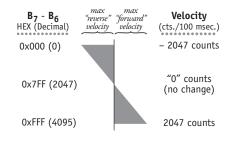
**0x00** (GREEN - ON, RED - OFF) indicates the sensor is operating within normal calibrated limits.

**0x33, 0x55, 0xAA, 0xCC** (RED or GREEN - FLASHING) indicates sensor is at or beyond it's calibrated measurment range. Should any of these conditions occur within calibrated range, return unit to factory for evaluation or service.

## B<sub>7</sub> B<sub>6</sub> B<sub>5</sub> B<sub>4</sub> B<sub>3</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>1</sub> B<sub>0</sub>

#### Velocity

Data in bytes  $\mathbf{B_7} - \mathbf{B_6}$  is the change in the **CMC** (current measurement count) over a 100 msec time period. This data can then be used to calculate velocity in a post processing operation.

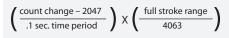


#### **Velocity Calculation**

**B**<sub>4</sub>

Error Flags

**B**<sub>5</sub>



**B**<sub>2</sub>

Not Used

**B**<sub>3</sub>

Current Measurement

Count

**B**<sub>1</sub>

B<sub>0</sub>

#### Sample Calculations

Cable Extension (positive direction): B7..B6 = 0x8D3 (2259Dec), full stroke = 250 in.

$$\left(\frac{2259 - 2047}{.1 \text{ sec}}\right) \times \left(\frac{250 \text{ in.}}{4063}\right) = 130.45 \text{ in. / sec}$$

Cable Retraction (negative direction):

B7..B6 = 0x7D0 (2000Dec), full stroke = 250 in.

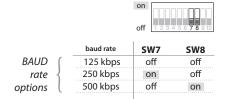
$$\left(\frac{2000-2047}{.1 \text{ sec}}\right) \chi \left(\frac{250 \text{ in.}}{4063}\right) = -28.92 \text{ in. / sec.}$$

## Baud, Node ID and Data Rate:

Baud Rate, Node ID and Data Rate settings are set via dip switch found on the internal controller board. To gain access to the controller board, remove the 4 cover attaching screws and carefully separate the sensor cover from the main body. Be careful not to damage the small gage wires that connect the controller board to the connector mounted directly to the rear cover.

Follow the instructions below for desired settings and reinstall sensor cover.

								on off 1234	<b>5</b> 6 7 8 9 10
		no	de ID	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW6
		Dec.	Hex	(2 <sup>0</sup> )	(2 <sup>1</sup> )	(2 <sup>2</sup> )	(2 <sup>3</sup> )	(24)	(2 <sup>5</sup> )
	(	0	0x00	off	off	off	off	off	off
nadalD		1	0x01	on	off	off	off	off	off
node ID options 0–63 (0x00–0x3F)		2	0x02	off	on	off	off	off	off
	<b>〈</b>	3	0x03	on	on	off	off	off	off
		•••					•••		
		62	0x3E	off	on	on	on	on	on
	l	63	0x3F	on	on	on	on	on	on

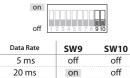


50 ms

100 ms

Data Rate

options

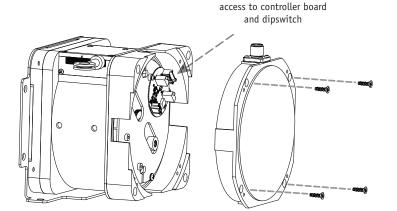


off

on

on

on





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