# **Cable-Extension Position Transducer**

# **RS232 Data Communication**

Ranges: 0-2 to 0-50 inches

**Compact Size • OEM Applications** 

# **Specification Summary:**

#### **GENERAL**

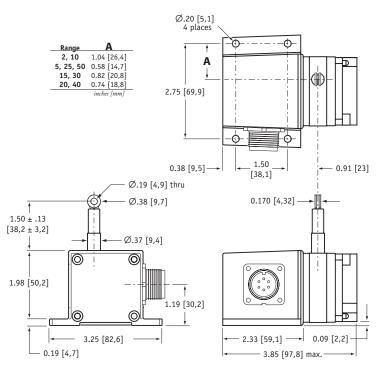
Full Stroke Ranges	0-2 to 0-50 inches
Electrical Interface	RS232
Format	Hex
Accuracy	± 0.25 to 0.10% full stroke
Repeatability	± 0.02% full stroke
Resolution	± 0.003% full stroke
Measuring Cable	0.019-in. dia. nylon-coated stainless steel
Enclosure Materialglass-fille	d polycarbonate and anodized aluminum
Sensor	plastic-hybrid precision potentiometer
Potentiometer Cycle Life	see ordering information
Maximum Retraction Acceleration	see ordering information
Weight	1 lb., max.

#### **ELECTRICAL**

Input Voltage	922 VDC
Input Current	40 mA
Baud Rate	9600 (selectable to 38.4K)
Update Rate	32 msec

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL**

Environmental Suitability	NEMA 4, IP 65
Operating Temperature	0° to 185°F (-17° to 85°C)
Vibration	up to 10 G's to 2000 Hz maximum



dimensions are in inches [mm], tolerances are 0.03 inches [0,8 mm]

# PT1232



The PT1232, part of our compact line of cable extension transducers, delivers position feedback via RS232 serial communication to your data acquisition or controller system. The PT1232 sends a raw 16-bit position count from 0000 to FFFF (hex). Additionally this device can be set to continuously send data or send data only when polled.

As the internal position sensing element is a precision potentiometer, this transducer maintains current accurate position even during power loss and does not need to be reset to a "home" position.

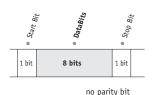
#### Output Signal



# celesco

# I/O Format:

#### **Data Format**



#### **Data Frame**

#### 6 byte Hex string:

	STX	CMD	B <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	ETX	
9	<b>STX</b> = 0x02	CMD = Con	nmand Code*	B <sub>0</sub> - B <sub>2</sub> =	Data Field*	<b>ETX</b> = 0x03	

\* -see below

Important! All communications to/from the transducer are in HEX!

#### **User Commands:**

	User Command				Sensor Response			
Description	<cmd></cmd>	<b<sub>0&gt;</b<sub>	<b<sub>1&gt;</b<sub>	<b<sub>2&gt;</b<sub>	<cmd></cmd>	<b<sub>0&gt;</b<sub>	<b<sub>1&gt;</b<sub>	<b<sub>2&gt;</b<sub>
Get Sensor Info	0x05	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x05	version <sup>(4)</sup>	date <sup>(5)</sup>	date <sup>(5)</sup>
Get Serial Number	0x15	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x15	serial number <sup>(3)</sup>		
Start Continuous Data	0x25	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x25	0x00	0x00	0x00
Stop Continuous Data	0x35	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x35	0x00	0x00	0x00
Get Position Data	0x45	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x45	$CMC^{(1)}$	$CMC^{(1)}$	status <sup>(2)</sup>

#### (1)CMC - Current Measurement Count (Position)

The Current Measurement Count (CMC) is the output data that indicates the present position of the measuring cable.

The CMC is a 16-bit value that occupies the first two bytes  $(B_0 \text{ and } B_1)$  of the data field.  $B_0$  is the MSB (most significant byte) and B<sub>1</sub> is the LSB (least significant byte).

The CMC starts at 0000H with the measuring cable fully retracted and continues upward to the end of the stroke range stopping at FFFFH. This holds true for all ranges.

#### (2)Status

The status byte is used as a flag to indicate the validity of the position signal that the internal electronics receives from the potentiometer.

Flags are as follows:

0x00 = GREEN, 0x55 = YELLOW, 0xAA = RED

A "green" flag shows everything OK. A "yellow" or "red" flag indicates that the sensor has either been extended beyond its range or that there is a problem with the potentiometer.

# (3)Serial Number

Each sensor has it's own unique serial number. This information can be retrieved by sending the sensor the "Get Serial Number" command.

The serial number is a 3 byte value from which ranges from 0 to 9999999 (decimal).

# (4) Version

This is a single byte value (0-255 decimal) which indicates the currently installed firmware version of the sensor.

# (5) Date

This is a 2 byte value showing the date of currently installed firmware. This value ranges from 01011 -12319 (decimal). Format is MMDDY. While the month and day are expressed as two digit numbers the year is expressed in a single digit only.

Example: 08054 = August 5, 2004

#### **Baud Rate**

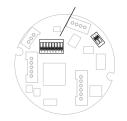
The baud rate can be set using switches 7 & 8 on the 8-pole DIP switch found on the rs232 controller board located inside the transducer.

DIP-7	DIP-8	baud rate
0	0	9600
1	0	19200
0	1	38400
1	1	9600

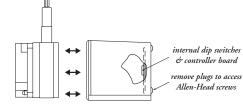


#### RS232 Controller Board and DIP Switch Location

#### baud rate switches



to gain access to the controller board, remove four Allen-Head Screws and remove rear cover.



# Ordering Information:

# Model Number:

Sample Model Number:

PT1232 - 50 - UP - M6 - SG

**A** measuring cable exit: B electrical connection:

up (top exit) 6-pin plastic connector

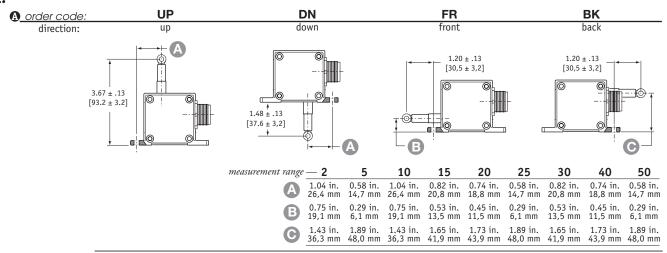
50 inches

**G** cable guide spring loaded

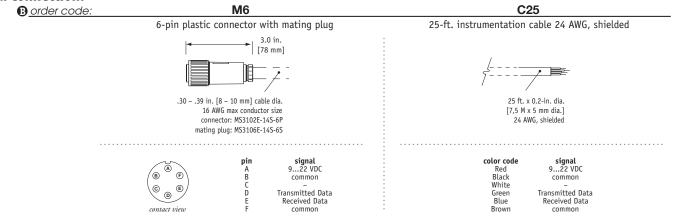
# Full Stroke Ranae:

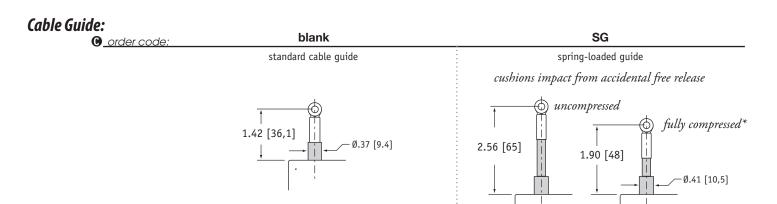
or one manyer									
R order code:	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
full stroke range, min:	2 in.	5 in.	10 in.	15 in.	20 in.	25 in.	30 in.	40 in.	50 in.
accuracy (% of f.s.):	0.2	5%	•	0.1	5%			0.10%	
potentiometer cycle life:	2,500,00	0 cycles		500,000	) cycles			250,000 cycle	S
cable tension (20%):	12 oz.	5 oz.	12 oz.	9 oz.	6 oz.	5 oz.	9 oz.	6 oz.	5 oz.
maximum cable acceleration:	11 G's	3 G's	11 G's	5 G's	4 G's	3 G's	5 G's	4 G's	3 G's

# Cable Exit:



# **Electrical Connection:**





\*note: start of full stroke range begins at full compression point (except 2-inch and 5-inch ranges).



version: 3.0 last updated: April 28, 2010